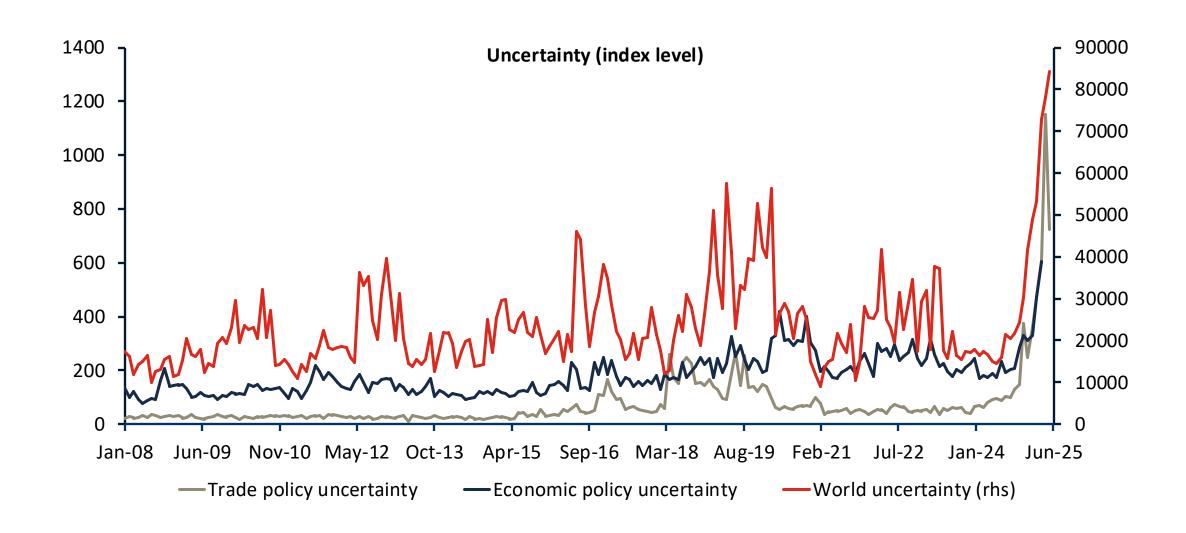
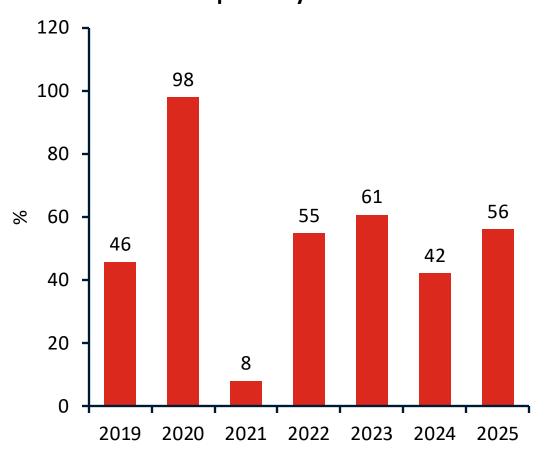


## **Uncertainty hit record highs**

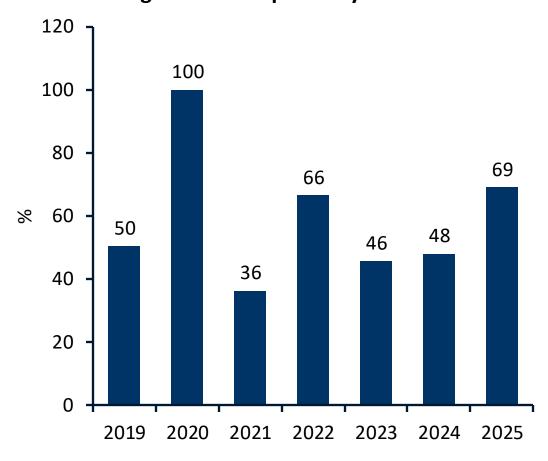


## Dimmer growth prospects

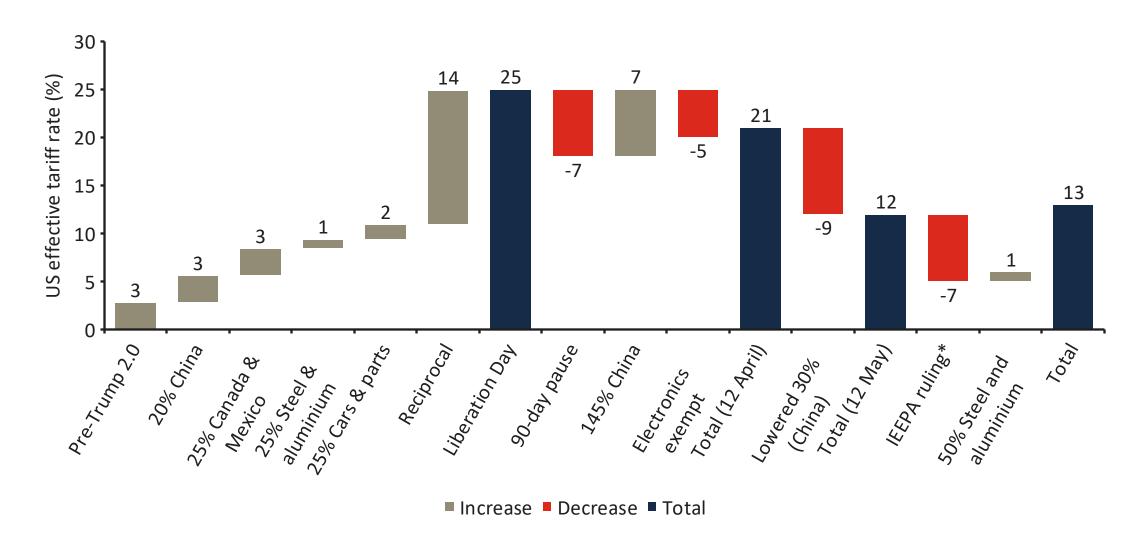
# Share of economies with slowing growth in respective years



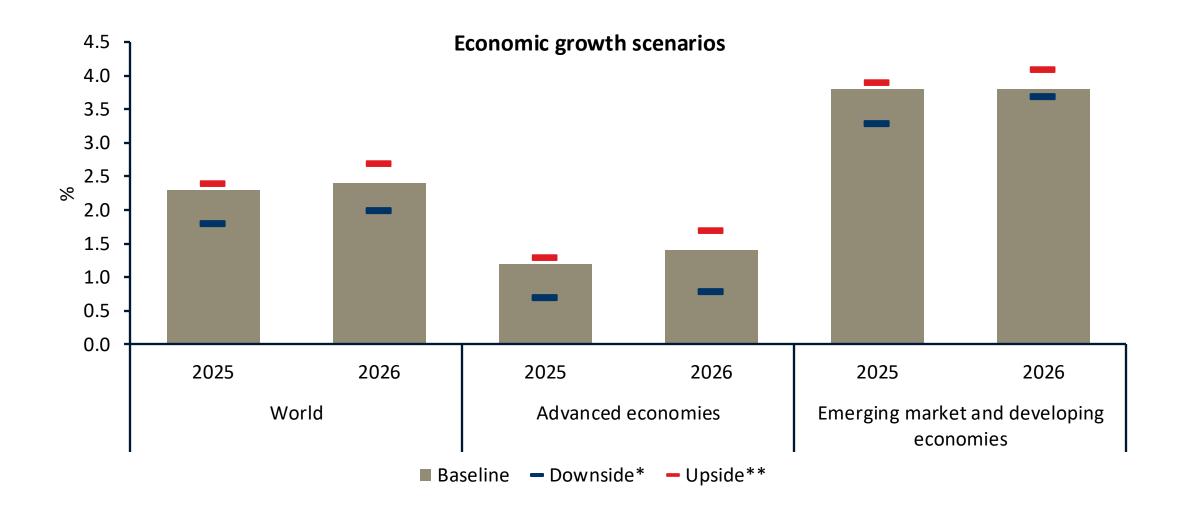
# Share of economies with downgraded growth in respective years



### Tariffs off Liberation Day highs, yet historically steep



### **Tariffs or trade deals**



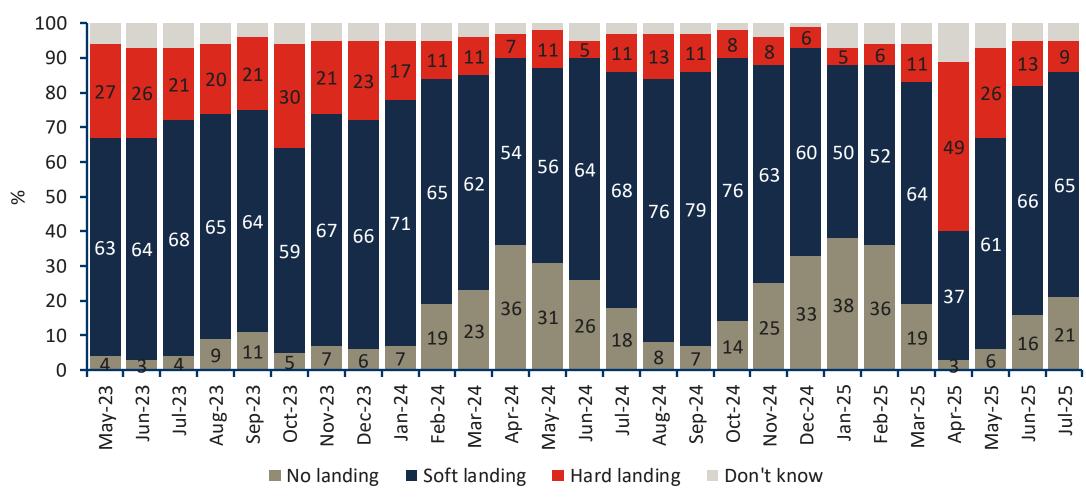
Source: World Bank, Momentum Investments

<sup>\*</sup> Downside – United States (US) weighted average tariffs increase by about 10 percentage points relative to the baseline, with proportional retaliation from trading partners

<sup>\*\*</sup> Upside – Further trade agreements that halve tariffs relative to the baseline and reduce trade-related uncertainty

### Recession risks have subsided

#### What is the most likely outcome for the global economy in the next year?



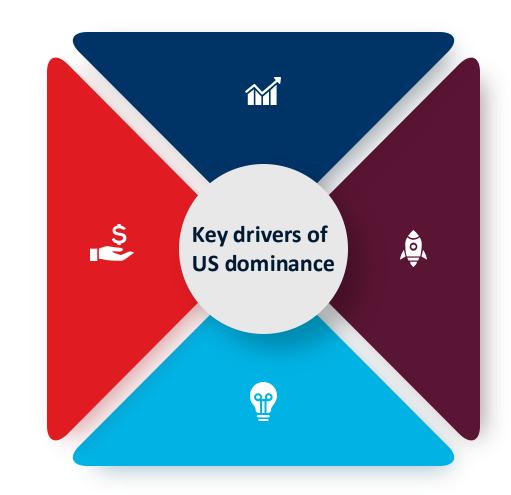
## Waning US influence amid rising risks

#### **Economic**

Accounts for a quarter of global GDP

#### **Financial**

US dollar is the world's reserve currency



#### **Geopolitical**

Military dominance

Leadership in international institutions

#### **Technological**

Corporate influence

Innovation/R&D

Source: Momentum Investments



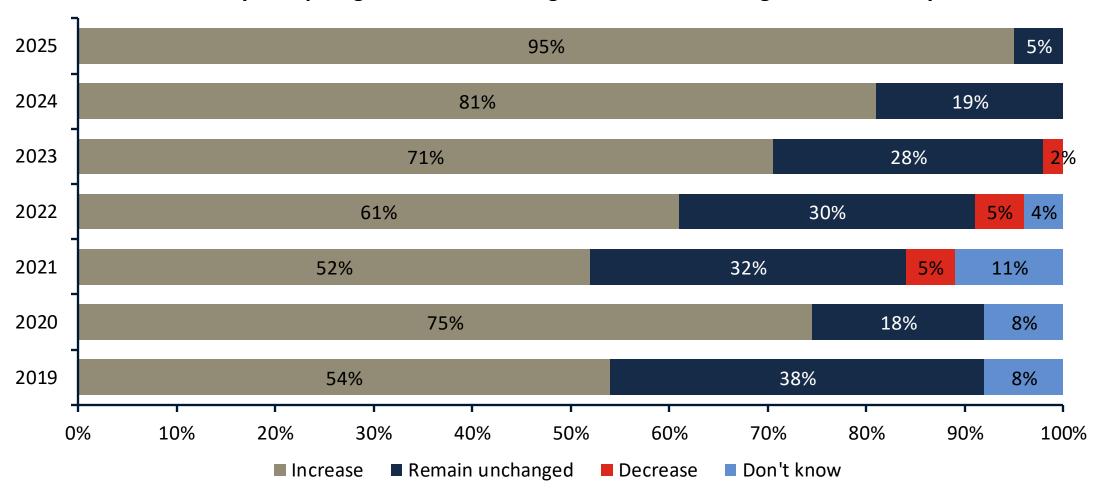
## **Currency rivals miss the mark**

#### **Criteria for global reserve currency**

	USD	EUR	GBP	JPY	RMB	INR	RUB
Sizeable domestic economy (Share of global GDP)	25.2	16.9	3.1	3.8	16.1	3.2	1.8
Importance of the economy in international trade (Share of global trade)	11.5	13.1	3.6	3.3	10.9	2.7	1.4
Size, depth and openness of the financial markets (Financial markets index)	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4
Convertibility of the currency (Chinn-Ito Financial Openness Index)	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.2	1.2	1.2
Use of the currency as a currency peg or anchor (Share of global GDP anchored to currency)	45.6	19.8	3.3	3.7	0.0	3.5	0.0
Stable domestic macroeconomic conditions and policies (Sovereign rating)	AA+	AAA	AA	A+	A+	BBB-	NR*

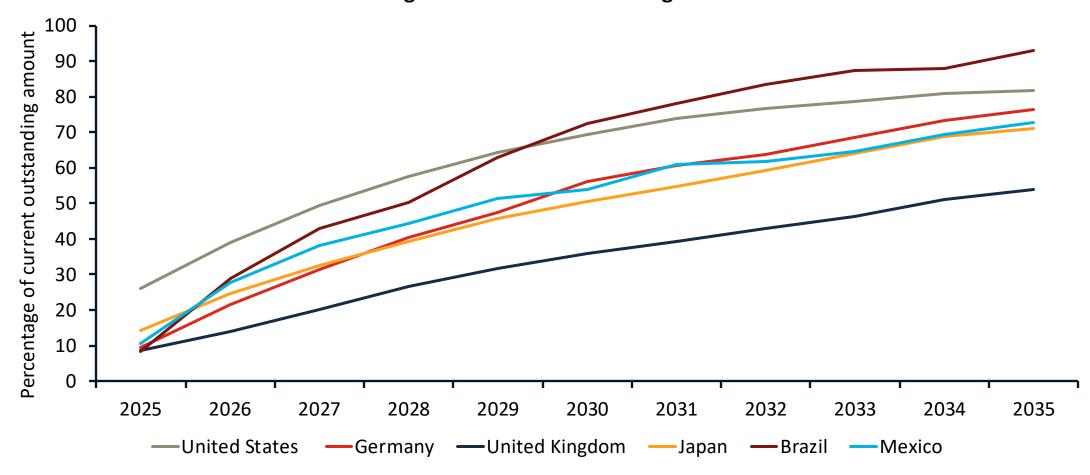
## Central banks hedge against chaos

#### How do you expect global central bank gold reserves to change over the next year?



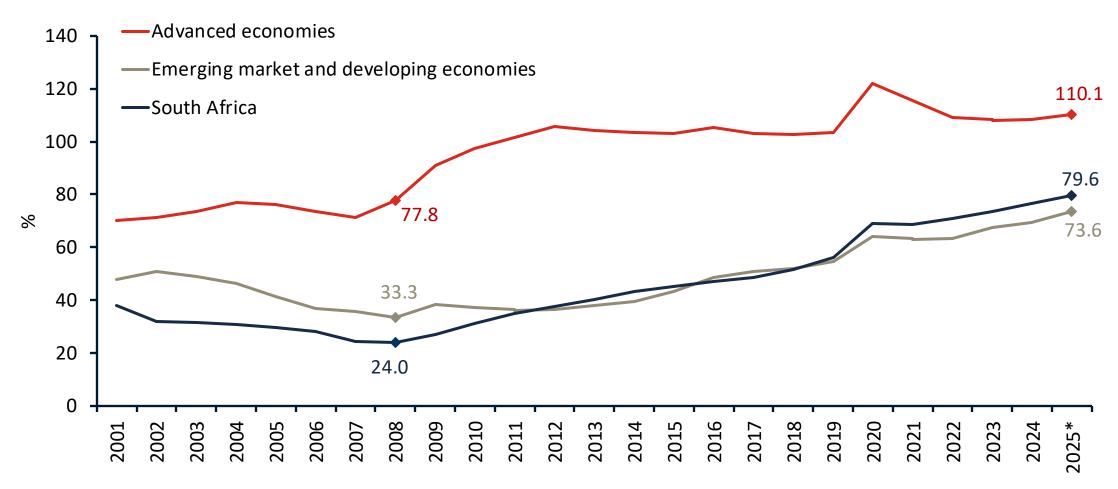
## Fiscal woes not unique to the US

#### Share of government debt maturing over time

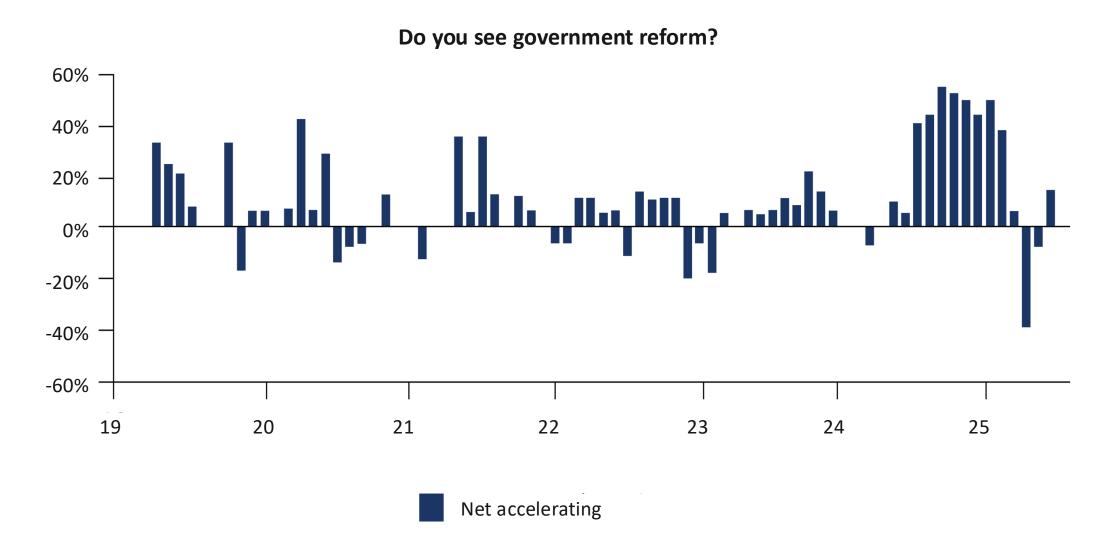


### SA's debt ratio rose threefold since 2008

#### **Gross debt to GDP**



## Partial comeback in SA's reform hopes



## Reforms key to unlocking medium-term growth potential

#### m

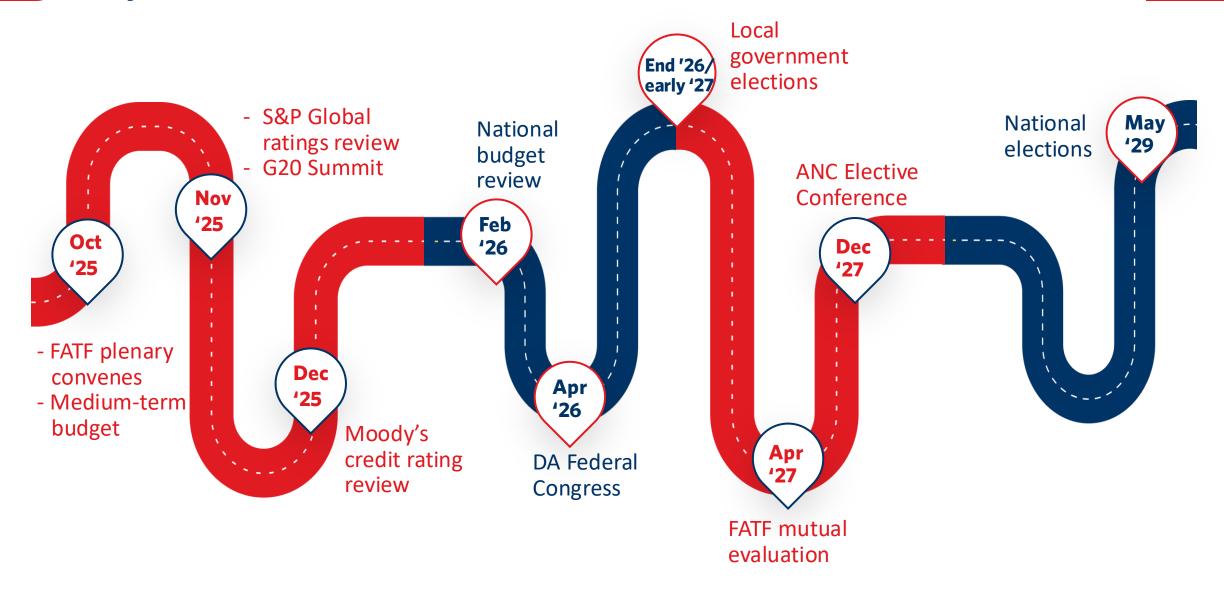
### **Operation Vulindlela reform priorities**



#### 14

## **Key SA events to watch**





## SA has the highest inflation target among its peers

